

# Enhancing word embeddings

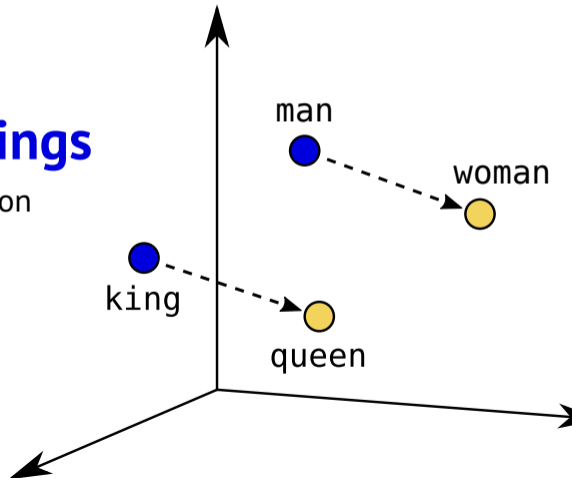
Positionality, subword sizes, and hyphenation

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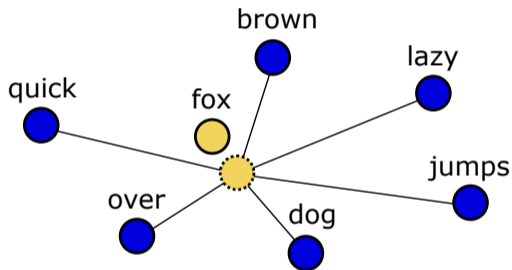
# Introduction

- SOTA DNN LMs are accurate but also slow, black-boxed, and monolithic.
- **Word embeddings** of SNN LMs [1–4] provide **strong baselines** for many tasks:
  1. semantic text similarity [5]
  2. text classification [6]
  3. information retrieval [7]
- Word embeddings produce systems that are **fast, interpretable, and modular**.
- **MIR@MU** research group develops and maintains **Gensim** [8]:
  - **Essential Python NLP library**: 2.6k article citations and **11.2k stars on GitHub**
  - Contains hardware-accelerated implementation of Word2Vec and fastText SLL LMs. [9]
  - Perfect tool to prototype, implement, and evaluate **enhanced word embeddings**.



## Positionality

- Word2Vec [1, 2] and fastText [4] CBOW models are trained to minimize the distance between the mean of context word embeddings and the masked word embedding:

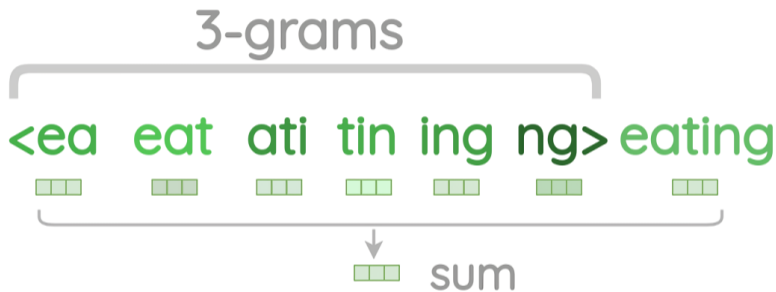


The quick brown ??? jumps over the lazy dog.

- However, the position of words in context is not taken into account.
- Mikolov et al. [10] achieved SOTA on English Word Analogy task using position-dependent weighting. However, no open-source implementation exists.

## Subword sizes

- Unlike Word2Vec [1, 2], fastText [4] embeds not only words, but also subwords.



- This speeds up training and allows inference of embeddings for unknown words.
- However, previous work reports optimal subword sizes only for English and German.
- Our experiments suggest:
  1. 5% improvement on Czech Word Analogy task with optimal subword sizes over defaults.
  2. A fast method for estimating the optimal subword sizes from corpus statistics.

# Hyphenation

- Hyphenation splits words into subwords based on morphology or phonology.

NO HYPHENATION	DEFAULT HYPHENATION	CUSTOMIZED HYPHENATION
would have created surprise. Owing to the proximity of the Hay Market, the number of establishments of bad character, the preponderance of	would have created surprise. Owing to the proximity of the Hay Market, the number of establishments of bad character, the preponderance of the trad-	would have created surprise. Owing to the proximity of the Hay Market, the number of establishments of bad character, the preponderance of the trading and working

- $\text{\TeX}$ 's hyphenation algorithm [11] achieves perfect accuracy with tiny models. [12, 13]
- fastText [4] embeds only subwords of fixed size and ignores morphology.
- Hyphenating fastText should decrease model size and speed up training.

## Sounds fun?

- Take a look at our bachelor's and master thesis topics:
  - Positional weighting of fastText word embeddings ([bachelor's thesis](#), [diploma thesis](#))
  - Finding optimal  $n$ -gram sizes for fastText Models ([bachelor's thesis](#), [diploma thesis](#))
  - ... or come up with your own thesis topic!
- Join us at [the PV212 seminar](#) this Thursday at 10 AM (CET) [over Zoom](#), where we will dive into the details of our word embedding experiments.



## Bibliography I

- [1] Tomas Mikolov et al. “Efficient estimation of word representations in vector space”. In: *arXiv preprint arXiv:1301.3781* (2013).
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- [5] Delphine Charlet and Geraldine Damnati. “Simbow at semeval-2017 task 3: Soft-cosine semantic similarity between questions for community question answering”. In: *Proceedings of the 11th International Workshop on Semantic Evaluation (SemEval-2017)*. 2017, pp. 315–319.
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- [9] Radim Řehůřek. *Word2vec Tutorial*. URL: <https://rare-technologies.com/word2vec-tutorial/> (visited on 10/12/2020).
- [10] Tomas Mikolov et al. “Advances in pre-training distributed word representations”. In: *arXiv preprint arXiv:1712.09405* (2017).
- [11] Franklin Mark Liang. *Word Hy-phen-a-tion by Com-put-er*. Tech. rep. Calif. Univ. Stanford. Comput. Sci. Dept., 1983.
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